## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SHERMAN DIVISION

ED BUTOWSKY, in his Individual	)	
And Professional Capacities	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	Case No. 4:18-cv-442
	)	Judge Mazzant/Judge Craven
	)	
DAVID FOLKENFLIK <u>et al</u>	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	
	)	

## STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

WHEREAS, certain books, records, documents, materials and information to be produced by the parties in discovery contain (1) personal, proprietary, financial and/or other sensitive documents, information and/or material that is not generally known to the public and (2) is the subject of efforts by the parties, respectively, that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain the confidentiality of such material (hereinafter "Confidential Information");

WHEREAS, the parties, by and through their respective counsel, have stipulated that the Confidential Information to be produced as part of discovery in this action may be treated as confidential pursuant to the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order ("Order");

WHEREAS, the parties, by and through their respective counsel, have stipulated that nothing herein anticipates or requires the production of confidential information protected by the constitutional or statutory reporter's privilege under Texas Civil Practice & Remedies Code, §§ 22.021-22.027;

WHEREAS, the Court finds and concludes that entry of this Order is reasonable and proper under these specific circumstances and necessary to expedite the flow of discovery and protect information the parties desire to keep confidential, and that in this particular situation, its benefits outweigh any burden on access to the judicial process, and that in this particular situation, it represents the least onerous alternative for balancing the specific legitimate interests of the litigants, related third-parties, and other affected and interested persons;

Accordingly, for good cause, it is ORDERED as follows:

- 1) **Purpose.** The purpose of this Order is to protect the privacy of the parties and third-parties, the confidentiality of their Confidential Information, and to permit both compliance with discovery and trial preparation to proceed with a minimum of motions over matters of confidentiality.
- 2) **Definition of Parties.** The party who is receiving materials, documents or information ("Receiving Party"). The party who is disclosing materials, documents or information ("Disclosing Party).
- ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." All documents produced in accordance with any Order entered in this case, all documents produced in the course of discovery, from both parties and non-parties (including former employees of any party), all answers to interrogatories, all responses to requests for admission, all responses to requests for production of documents and subpoenas duces tecum, all deposition testimony and deposition exhibits, all written testimony such as declarations and affidavits, and all copies, summaries, demonstrative exhibits and information derived therefrom, shall be subject to this Order concerning Confidential Information, as set forth below:

The designation of confidentiality shall be made by placing or affixing on a) the document, in a manner which will not interfere with its legibility, the word "CONFIDENTIAL" or the term "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." A party who produces books, records, documents, materials and information containing Confidential Information may designate it as confidential only when such party in good faith believes it contains Confidential Information, including, but not limited to, tax returns [including attached schedules, forms, and workpapers], financial statements, banking records, medical records, client/customer lists, billing records, trade secrets or other confidential research, technical, development, or commercial information, unpublished materials or source information, or information that may be withheld from disclosure to third-parties by statute, rule, regulation, or contract. The designation of confidentiality shall be made prior to, or contemporaneously with, the production or disclosure of that information. In the event that documents are produced for inspection at the party's facilities, such documents may be produced for inspection before being marked confidential. Once specific documents have been designated for copying, printing or downloading, any documents containing Confidential Information will then be marked confidential after review by the producing party but before delivery to the party who inspected and designated the documents. There will be no waiver of confidentiality by the inspection of confidential documents before they are copied, printed or downloaded and marked confidential pursuant to this procedure. In the event documents are produced for inspection electronically, such documents may be marked "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" by (1) a computer generated watermark on the document, (2) being located in a file folder which is itself marked as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL-ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or (3) being located on a CD or storage device which is itself marked as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." The "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" designation shall not apply to (1) materials that on their face show that they have been published to the general public, (2) information that was submitted to a governmental entity without request for confidential treatment, or (3) is independently developed by Receiving Party without use of or reference to Disclosing Party's Confidential Information.

- b) Portions of depositions shall be deemed confidential only if they are designated as such when the deposition is taken or within seven (7) business days after receipt of the transcript. Any testimony which describes a document which has been designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS" EYES ONLY," as described above, shall also be deemed to be designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS" EYES ONLY."
- c) Information or documents designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" under this Order shall not be used, retained, or disclosed, or permitted to be used, retained or disclosed by the parties or counsel for the parties or any persons identified in subparagraph (d) below for any purposes whatsoever, other than solely as strictly necessary for preparing for and conducting this litigation in which the information or documents were disclosed (including any appeals).
- d) The parties and counsel for the parties shall not disclose or permit the disclosure of any documents or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" under this Order to any other person or entity, except that disclosures may be made in the following circumstances:

- (i) Disclosure of information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" may be made to counsel and employees of counsel for the parties. Any such employee to whom counsel for the parties makes a disclosure shall be subject to the provisions of this Order requiring that the documents and information be held in confidence.
- (ii) Disclosure of information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" may be made only on a need-to-know basis to such employees and agents of a party (including parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, officers and directors) who are reasonably necessary to provide assistance in the conduct of this litigation.
- (iii) Disclosure of information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" may be made to the Court and its Clerks (subject to the terms of this Order), court reporters engaged for depositions and those persons or companies, if any, specifically engaged for the purpose of providing litigation support, including, without limitation, electronic discovery support, and making photocopies of documents.
- (iv) Disclosure of information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" may be made on a need-to-know basis to insurers (and agents and adjusters for such insurers) of a party and to consultants, investigators, or experts employed by the parties or counsel for the parties who provide assistance as reasonably necessary in the conduct of this litigation, and to deponents and potential witnesses. The parties and counsel for the parties shall not disclose or permit the disclosure of any documents or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" under this Order to any person identified in this subparagraph 3(d)(iv), unless and until such person is provided a copy of this Order and agrees in writing to be subject to the provisions of this Order requiring that the documents and information be held in confidence by signing **Exhibit A**.

- e) Disclosure of materials, documents, or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" shall be made only to outside counsel of record in this Action for the Parties, employees of such counsel assigned to and reasonably necessary on a need-to-know basis to assist such counsel in the litigation of this Action, and inhouse counsel for the Parties who either have responsibility for making decisions dealing directly with the litigation of this Action, or who are assisting outside counsel in the litigation of this Action. Should counsel disclose materials, documents, or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" to anyone other than those authorized under this subparagraph (e), violations of this Order may result in the imposition of sanctions, including dismissal or entry of default judgment.
- f) Except as provided in subparagraph (d) above, the parties, counsel for the parties, and all persons subject to the provisions of this Order shall use the same degree of care with which they protect the security of their own confidential information, but no less than reasonable care, to keep all documents designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" under this Order in secure.
- g) All copies, duplicates, extracts, summaries, or descriptions (hereinafter referred to collectively as "copies") of materials, documents or information designated as confidential under this Order or any portion thereof, shall be immediately affixed with the word "CONFIDENTIAL" or the term "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" if that does not already appear.
- h) The Receiving Party will notify the Disclosing Party in writing promptly upon Receiving Party's discovery of any unauthorized use or disclosure of Disclosing Party's Confidential Information and will cooperate with Disclosing Party's reasonable requests to help

Disclosing Party regain possession of the Confidential Information, prevent further unauthorized use or dissemination, and otherwise mitigate the effects of the unauthorized use or disclosure.

- 4) Subsequent Identification of Confidential Information. Materials, documents, or information or material inadvertently or mistakenly produced without the designation of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" may be so designated subsequent to production or testimony if the producing party provides replacement materials bearing appropriate designations and notifies the receiving party promptly after becoming aware that the producing party failed to make such designation at the time of production, during the testimony, or during the seven-day period after receipt of the transcript through inadvertence, mistake, or error. If materials, information or documents are designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" subsequent to production or testimony, the receiving party promptly shall take reasonable efforts to collect any copies that have been provided to individuals not entitled to confidential materials under this Order.
- confidential Information Filed with Court. This Order does not, by itself, authorize the filing of any document under seal. Any party wishing to file a document designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" in connection with a motion, memorandum or other submission to the Court shall file a motion to seal referencing this Order and the designating party's desire to maintain the confidentiality of such documents. A party or interested member of the public has a right to challenge the sealing of particular documents that have been filed under seal, and the party designating the document(s) as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" will have the burden of demonstrating the propriety of filing under seal. Should this Court deny the

motion to seal, the documents or materials marked as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" submitted with the motion, memorandum, or other submission, shall be unsealed and filed with the Court and treated as a public record. This Protective Order does not in any manner restrict any of the parties from presenting materials, documents, or information marked as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" in connection with any filing in the event that the Court denies the motion to seal.

- 6) Party Withholding Based on Privilege. The parties may withhold from discovery materials, documents, or information on the grounds of attorney-client, work-product, reporter's privilege or any other applicable constitutional, common law, or statutory privilege not addressed by this Order.
- 7) Party Seeking Greater Protection Must Obtain Further Order. Except as provided in paragraph 6, if a party believes that the materials, documents, or information should be withheld on the ground that the material to be disclosed requires confidentiality protection greater than that afforded by paragraph 3 of this Order, the party claiming a need for greater protection shall move for an order providing such special protection pursuant to Rule 26(c) and does not have to produce the materials, documents, or information until there is a ruling on the motion.
- 8) Challenging Designation of Confidentiality. A designation of confidentiality by any party may be challenged upon motion. The burden of proving the confidentiality of designated materials, documents, or information remains with the party asserting such confidentiality. In the event a party objects to a designation of materials as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" that party shall give written notice of

such objection to the other party prior to filing a motion with the Court. The parties, by counsel, shall then confer by telephone in a good faith attempt to resolve the dispute. If no resolution is reached within seven (7) days of written notice of the objection, either party may file a motion and request a ruling whether the material in question should be treated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" under this Order. Until the Court rules on a motion that challenges the confidentiality of a document, the parties shall continue to treat the materials as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" under the terms of this Order. Nothing in this Order or any action or agreement of a party limits the Court's power to make orders concerning the disclosure of documents produced in discovery or at trial.

9) Use of Confidential Materials, Documents, or Information at Hearings or Trial. Nothing in this Order shall be construed to affect the use of any document, material or information at any trial or hearing. A party that intends to present or that anticipates that another party may present materials, documents, or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" at a hearing or trial shall bring that issue to the other parties' attention, whether by an exhibit list, other filing, email or correspondence. For a hearing, the notice shall be brought to the other parties' attention at least 7 days in advance of the hearing. The parties may thereafter seek any such orders from the Court that are deemed necessary to govern use of such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" materials, documents, or information at the trial or hearing. Should an order be sought from the Court, the parties shall continue to treat the documents, materials, documents, or information as "CONFIDENTIAL" OR "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"

under the terms of this Order. Nothing in this Order shall restrict or limit the presentation of evidence to the Court at trial or any other hearing in this action.

- entered in other litigation. If a receiving party is served with a subpoena or an order entered in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any material or document designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the receiving party must notify the designating party of the subpoena and of what Confidential Information they anticipate would be produced pursuant to the subpoena, in writing, immediately and in no event more than three (3) days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or order. The receiving party also must immediately inform, in writing, the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that all or part of the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Order. The designating party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in the court from which the subpoena or order issued, and the receiving party shall reasonably cooperate with the designating party's efforts to seek protection in the court from which the subpoena or order issued.
- Return of Confidential Material at Conclusion of Litigation. At the 11) "CONFIDENTIAL" material designated as litigation, all conclusion of the "CONFIDENTIAL-ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" under this Order and not received in evidence shall be returned to the originating party or destroyed. The Clerk of the Court may return to counsel for the parties, or destroy, any sealed material at the end of the litigation, including any appeals. Notwithstanding the foregoing, counsel of record for the parties shall be entitled to retain in confidence, subject to this Order, a copy of all Confidential documents to the extent counsel deems necessary to justify professional judgments made in the case. However,

counsel of record shall not disclose or permit the disclosure of any Confidential documents to any person after this litigation is concluded.

- Order Subject to Modification. This Order shall be subject to modification by the Court on motion of a party or any other person with standing concerning the subject matter. This Order is entered without prejudice to the right of any party to apply to the Court at any time for additional protection, or to relax or rescind the restrictions of this Order.
- 13) Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Civil Rules. This Order is subject to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Civil Rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas on matters of procedure and calculation of time periods.
- 14) Retention of Jurisdiction. After final determination of this action, the provisions of this Order shall continue to be binding, and the Court shall retain jurisdiction over the parties and all persons subject to the provisions of this Order for enforcement of this Order.
- 15) **Persons Bound.** This Order shall take effect when entered and shall be binding upon all counsel of record and their law firms, the parties, and persons made subject to this Order by its terms.

It is so ORDERED.

Signed on August 8, 2019.

Caroline M. Craven

United States Magistrate Judge

AGREED AS TO FORM AND SUBSTANCE:

Steven S. Biss, attorney for Plaintiff

Laura Lee Prather, attorney for Defendants

## **EXHIBIT A**

I agree to be bound by the Stipulated Proto	ective Order in the matter of Ed Butowsky v.
David Folkenflik et al., Case No. 4:18-cv-00442-A	LM-CMC in the United States District Court
for the Eastern District of Texas, Sherman Division	, entered on, 2019.
I have read the Stipulated Protective Order and	d I understand and agree to its terms and
conditions.	
Dated this day of	_, 2019.
	Name:
	Title: